

FRESH PLOT TO FREE ALBANIA

WITH OUTLINES OF FORMER PLOTS BY SHABAN BEY.

The Balkan fighting, the absence of Shaban Bey Gotscha, the keeping of a secret signed "S. Bey G." Make a most interesting coincidence.

It was in vain that one went yesterday to the West Twelfth street, Shabab Bey of Gotscha was not there. Nor was he in Washington, D. C., or Los Angeles, or Denver or New Orleans. Everybody who knew the Bey was positively certain that he had already sailed for Albania and all the little Balkans to fight the Young Turks for Albania's freedom and the recovery of his 300 room castle on the precipitous shores of the Adriatic Sea.

The Bey is half a citizen of these United States of America, but there is nothing in his papers in New York incompatible with a castle in Albania.

A man who lingered over his end-of-the-world coffee in the Byzantine coffee house on Madison street stole discreet glances now and then at a paper which he evidently did not wish any one else to see. The paper was written in French and it said:

"My plan is working out extremely well. Funds are sufficient to conduct a rugged warfare entailing heavy losses to the Turks for six months. Before that time has elapsed N. M. Pasha has promised to start insurrections in S. involving Mount Lebanon. As Lebanon is an autonomous State Powers will be forced to intervene. Fair certainty that Albania will be recognized as independent Balkan State."

The paper was signed S. Bey G. An odd signature and one that called vividly to mind the tales told by a man now in New York with Shaban Bey Gotscha, a handsome Albanian, in the corridors of the Hotel Savoy in January 1909.

At that time Abdul Hamid had not gone into Macedonia retreat. At that time Shaban Bey Gotscha did not mind telling something of his plans to free Albania from the Ottoman Empire. At that time plot within plot was being contrived, with the result that little four line despatches from Constantinople are telling us daily about battles between warlike white skinned Albanians and Turkish troops in unheard of places among the Albanian hills.

"All I desire," declared Shaban Bey Gotscha as he smoked long cigars in the lobby of that Denver hotel, is to see Albania free, and I care not how that freedom comes."

"My people are the most ignorant people on the face of the earth and the best fighters. They have always been loyal to him when every other subject race has turned against him. Only a few Albanian leaders who desire to see Albania free are among the Sultan's enemies."

"I have a castle standing in ruins in my mountain country. Abdul set a price of \$5,000 on my head. Naturally I left the Ottoman Empire. I served under Kitchener in the Sudan. I visited every country of Europe. I speak six languages. The first thing the Sultan did in my country was to explode dynamite in all the 300 rooms in my castle. There was a fire and, and I never got it back I will have to buy glass for 1,200 windows."

"At present I am figuring both ways. If Abdul Hamid remains on the throne, I will have a castle standing in ruins in my mountain country. Abdul set a price of \$5,000 on my head. Naturally I left the Ottoman Empire. I served under Kitchener in the Sudan. I visited every country of Europe. I speak six languages. The first thing the Sultan did in my country was to explode dynamite in all the 300 rooms in my castle. There was a fire and, and I never got it back I will have to buy glass for 1,200 windows."

"If Abdul shaves the Constitution every hand will be against him. Only the Albanians will remain loyal, and backed by a certain power from which I have guaranteed the Sultan will lose the throne. As a reward, an unwilling reward, Albania will become an autonomous State."

"If Abdul loses the throne our plans will be somewhat delayed. It may be possible to put Austria and Italy, both of whom wish Albania, against each other. European diplomacy in such case would infallibly secure freedom for my country."

"At present I have six agents in the United States obtaining funds for the Albanian cause. My own fortunes will not suffice. In any case one can always start a revolution in Albania which will give the Young Turks the hardest sort of a struggle to keep the province. My people are ignorant and hate the Young Turks, and their ignorance is a blessing for by virtue of it they will always be ready to fight the constitutionalists. It is not possible to reason with them. The Young Turks will never win their favor."

The Bey was once the agent of the Young Turks in the United States but when he found out that his employers had no idea of letting Albania get a whit more freedom than she had under the Sultan he threw up his job in disgust. Then he went to work on his own hook. While he lingered in Denver two Albanians put up at a cheaper hotel and ended most successfully the roles of native clergymen from Cairo.

Since Shaban Bey talked so freely of his plans many events of moment have occurred in Constantinople. Abdul Hamid is gone, the amiable Mehmed Rehad rules in his place, the Young are laying secure foundations for that Mohammedan empire commanded by the Prophet. These same Young Turks have further incensed the Albanians by ordering the Arabic alphabet to be used in these Albanian schools, whose existence is in itself a contradiction to actual. Ismail Kemal Bey has met Shaban Bey and some words uttered at that meeting are now being translated into deeds.

EMMA'S BUILDING FOUND. Two Arrests for Making Away With Punch—Loss of Cane and Child's Illness.

Miss Emma Miller, aged 4 years and 8 months, was much attached to her pet dog Punch and when it was stolen Friday the child became ill. Her grief manifested itself in convulsions that alarmed her mother, Mrs. E. S. Miller of 21 East Thirty-eighth street, and a physician was called in to attend the sick child.

The child is the grandniece of Col. Asa Bird Gardner. The Colonel's brother, Bentley Gardner, who lives at Ardley, was on a visit at the Miller home when the child's pet was stolen.

The maid had taken the little girl out for a walk Friday afternoon and Punch went along. The dog is a Boston bull. At Park avenue and Thirty-ninth street two roughly dressed men seized Punch, threw him into a taxi and then made off up the avenue. The maid screamed, but the men got away.

Bentley Gardner communicated with Police Headquarters and Lieut. Ross was put on the trail of the dog stealers. He learned that two men had been doing some work in an elevated light manhole at Park avenue and Thirty-ninth street, and that afternoon. Inquiry showed that the men were Joseph Lanzetta of Corona, L. I., and Frederick Hein of German place, the Bronx, and Ross arrested them. Lanzetta told him that if he would go to 375 Broome street he would find the missing dog. The detective found Lanzetta and had him in the Yorkville police court yesterday when the prisoners were arraigned on a charge of stealing the dog. Detective Ross made a short affidavit charging the prisoners with the larceny of the dog and the Magistrate held the prisoners in \$1,000 bail for examination.

BOYCOTT OF Y. M. C. A. HOUSE

Trouble at the Long Island City Building Presented by Mrs. Sage.

An unofficial boycott was yesterday declared against the new \$100,000 Y. M. C. A. house at Borden and West avenues, Long Island City, which a year ago was presented to the employees of the Long Island Railroad by Mrs. Russell Sage.

Pickets were yesterday stationed around the entrance to warn railroad men who are members of the association not to go into the dining room.

Fault is found with the night management and the trouble reached a crisis on Wednesday night of last week when there was a conflict between John Holsinger, the night clerk and manager, and Daniel Thompson, night manager of the dining room, and William Gustafson, the night chef. Both Thompson and Gustafson charged that Night Manager Holsinger exceeded his authority when he invaded the kitchen and just what took place could not be learned, but the next day both Thompson and Gustafson were dropped from the employment of the association.

Thompson is a member of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, and his friends claim that he was arbitrarily dismissed, and this together with previous dissatisfaction over the night management led to the boycott. Friends took up the fight for the discharged men, and it is said there was an immediate thinning out of the railroad men diners in the big restaurant. This falling off was increased yesterday when the committee of pickets apprised the railroad men of the situation as they left the place. At the close of the day the boycotters said they had succeeded in reducing the receipts of the restaurant a day since the trouble began.

The aggrieved men demand the dismissal of Night Manager Holsinger and the reinstatement of Thompson. During the day news of the trouble reached F. H. Hartenstein, general superintendent of the railroad and he sent for William Macdonald, chairman of the grievance committee of the Brotherhood of Trainmen. Following a conference Hartenstein decided to lay the matter before the Y. M. C. A. governing board, which is composed of Frank E. Hoff, secretary of the railroad; H. L. Des Anjos, superintendent of floating equipment; P. H. Woodward, secretary to President Peter O. W. Edwards, freight agent, and C. E. Barker of the traffic manager's office. It is expected that this board will be called together to investigate the grievances complained of by the men.

Up to last evening the boycotters estimated that they had succeeded in cutting at least 175 railroad men who are members from patronizing the place and they intended to continue their fight until the investigation is made and the governing board renders its decision. The new Y. M. C. A. is a four story brick and stone building and is said to be one of the best equipped association buildings of its size in the country.

A. K. Hicks is secretary of the association. He said yesterday that the trouble was brought about by about a dozen members who can't understand that discipline is just as necessary in an institution of that kind as in a railroad. He said that the changes he made were for the good of the service.

Up to last evening the boycotters estimated that they had succeeded in cutting at least 175 railroad men who are members from patronizing the place and they intended to continue their fight until the investigation is made and the governing board renders its decision. The new Y. M. C. A. is a four story brick and stone building and is said to be one of the best equipped association buildings of its size in the country.

SOLDIERS AT THEATRE.

After Some Trouble They Got There. Uniforms and All.

After several refusals to let them in and one ejection vi et armis Privates David Hay Ritchie and Joseph G. Tarkin of Company 137, Coast Artillery, stationed at Fort Hancock, penetrated in uniform into the Orpheum Theatre in Brooklyn last night in time to see at least a part of the show. But even then, according to the manager, they got in only by inadvertence. The manager of the Orpheum claims that the soldiers were barred only because they became profane, but the soldiers said at Police Headquarters in Brooklyn that they had a well defined notion that their uniform was the reason.

The two of 'em got into the Orpheum on April 2 in civilian clothes with no trouble. Last night they tried to buy seats, but the men in the box office said all the seats were sold. It is at this point that the Orpheum folks say the soldiers rudely swore. The soldiers, however, say they stepped out of line, after witnessing several men behind them purchase seats for the impending show made another effort to get chairs for themselves. They didn't succeed, and the special officer in the lobby told them to beat it.

The four men walked down to head-quarters and talked to Lieut. Miller, who is the head of the telegraph bureau. He was full of sympathy, but could only advise a rather veiled complaint. The soldiers walked back to the Orpheum. The special officer was not visible. They had their tickets asserted and entered and sat them down. Curtain.

New Chief Engineer of the B. & O. BALTIMORE, April 9.—A. W. Thompson, chief engineer of maintenance of way, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, has been promoted to chief engineer of the entire system.

HUGHES TOLD LEARY IS O. K.

MAYBE HE CUMED AT TIMES, BUT HE WORKED HARD.

Law Imposed on Him 400 County Committee Selections "From the Unemployed Classes" Who Are of No Use—Proposed Cutting Down of the Force.

William H. Wadhams, who was appointed commissioner by Gov. Hughes to investigate the office of State Superintendent of Elections William Leary, has reported to the Governor that many changes in the work of the office are desirable—especially the abolition of the 400 "organization deputies," who are expensive and generally worthless—but that Supt. Leary himself has shown a sincere desire to bring the office to the highest degree of efficiency.

"There is evidence, especially during periods of great stress of business and high tension work," says Commissioner Wadhams, "of what have been termed characteristic outbreaks on the part of the Superintendent, but they have not materially prevented the obtaining of results during his administration, particularly after the division of work more definitely into departments and the placing of the preparation of cases under the supervision of the general counsel and the detail of deputies and the supervision of investigations in charge of the chief deputy."

The report says that after this was done there was a marked change in the spirit of the men, "who worked throughout the campaign with the greatest enthusiasm and interest and surpassed the previous good records made under the present Superintendent. More effective work, both in the prevention and the obtaining of evidence for the punishment of crime under the election law, has been accomplished by the office under the present administration than heretofore. The best record in the history of the department has been made in the year 1909."

Commissioner Wadhams says that the department should not be used for the purpose of acting as a police force at the polls, and an increase in the number of deputies requisite for such purpose would be inadvisable, as this would place a greater in the hands of the State Superintendent which might at times of political excitement be a menace rather than a safeguard. The Elections Superintendent should not attempt to duplicate the work of challengers and watchers, "which is more diligently performed by partisans," but he should have a sufficient clerical force to keep the records and statistics concerning the electorate and a sufficient force of investigators to determine in advance of the registration and the election those who are entitled to register and vote.

By means of such investigations and the removal of the order of arrest and the challenge placed in the hands of the proper officials the Superintendent can prevent illegal registration and voting and furnish the evidence to punish offences against the election law.

The report recommends that the Superintendent and Chief Deputy be paid salaries commensurate with their responsibilities, and that the deputies get a compensation that will "provide a living wage." Mr. Wadhams recommends that the salaries be readjusted as follows: Superintendent, \$6,000; Chief Deputy, \$3,000; fifty deputies at \$1,000, seventy-five at \$1,200 and twenty-five at \$1,400—and scores. He advises that the branch office in Brooklyn be discontinued except during the campaign period.

Mr. Wadhams says that there has been no lack of discipline in the office, but that "by reason of temperamental characteristics the language and demeanor of the Superintendent have not been such as at all times to command the enthusiastic support of the entire force and on occasions have discouraged the men addressed and tended to create a lack of confidence and hearty cooperation between the Superintendent and his subordinates, and to endanger the esprit de corps of the department."

The report recommends that the provision in the election law for the appointment of 400 "organization" thirty day and five day deputies be repealed. They cost \$25,870 last year and their services were of practically no value. The character of men obtained upon the recommendation of the organization is for the most part unsatisfactory because the men are recruited largely from the unemployed class. Mr. Wadhams says that when one of these men appeared for appointment he was recognized as a crook or a "guerrilla," a term used to designate men engaged in illegal registration and voting. Another after his appointment was arrested by the detective bureau between the second and third days of registration. In another case the chairman of a county committee, which committee is not stated recommended for appointment a man who had been convicted of a felony.

ALLIANCE FRIENDS IN CONTROL. They Named Chicago County Delegates to Senatorial Convention.

NORWICH, N. Y., April 9.—The Chicago county Republican convention met here to-day and elected delegates to attend the Senatorial convention for the Thirty-seventh district, to be held here next Tuesday to nominate a successor to ex-Senator Alldis. There was no friction. Senator Alldis's law partner, Henry R. Follett, sat in the convention and named the delegates, who were unanimously chosen. He also offered a resolution urging the candidacy of Prof. Ralph W. Thomas of Madison county. The delegation is headed by J. Bennett Turner, a fellow director of Mr. Alldis in the National Bank of Norwich, and the rest of the delegation is composed of Alldis supporters. It required the personal interposition of Mr. Alldis himself to prevent the introduction by his friends of a complimentary resolution in his behalf, which would have been easily carried.



Tailored Suit—Copy of a Bechoff & David model that sold for \$275. Copy just like original, and the price is \$98.75 2d fl. 1st way.

Made of imported tussah silk, natural color, semi-fitted shawl coat, collar and revers of rich black moire silk, extending to bottom of coat; turn-back cuffs of black moire, lined with self-colored peau de cygne, covered skirt piped with black moire and trimmed with tan cloth buttons; bottom of coat and skirt and cuffs trimmed with silk braid applied in wide Egyptian design. One of the most artistic Suits we have.



Ankle-Strap Pump. Pumps with ankle straps—no slipping at the heel—made of patent leather and black calfskin; snug-fitting last; sold in many stores at \$3.50; our price \$2.59 2d fl. rear.

"Marchioness" Silk Gloves, two clasps, self-colored plain embroidered backs; black, white, tan, gray. 44c champagne and navy. "Marchioness" Silk Gloves, two clasps, Paris point embroidered backs; round corners; black, white, tan and gray. 69c "Marchioness" Silk Gloves, two clasps, Paris point embroidered backs; black, white, tan, gray, champagne, navy, brown, beaver, rose, blue and wistaria. 94c 1st fl. 1st way.



This is a beautiful frock, made of soft crepe de chine, in black, amethyst, porcelain blue, reseda and champagne; yoke and collar of Renaissance lace, trimmed with small buttons and richly hand-embroidered in self colored coin spots; draped elbow sleeves, lace cuffs; trimmed, draped, pointed tunic skirt. Copy of an artistic model that was designed by one of the famous Paris modistes. Special \$35.74 2d fl. 1st way.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
34th to 35th St.
Second Fl., Broadway.
\$25.00 Suits at \$19.74

We have these Walking Suits in all sizes—for large women, small women and also misses. They are made of solid black and navy and hair-line striped serges. Strictly tailored model; notched collar, long revers, stitched cuffs; lined with soft peau de cygne; full-pleated panel front skirt. They are the \$25.00 Suits of a maker who has won an enviable reputation for his products. We have secured one hundred of them to sell at a very special value at \$19.74

\$37.50 Suits at \$29.74
These are Dressy Suits for small women or for misses from 14 to 18 years of age. Made of imported tweeds in light or dark gray mixtures. Semi-fitted 32-inch coat, French-front model, finished around bottom with broad cross band of self material. Other new-style features are the deep shawl collar, with sailor back piped with velvet in contrasting color, and the deep turnback cuffs with buttonholes edged with colors that harmonize with the peau de cygne lining; back, front and cuffs trimmed with striking metal buttons; cluster-pleated skirt; value \$37.50; special at \$29.74

Unapproachable Silk Specials
First Floor—35th St.
White Habutai Silk—27 inches wide. It's the identical quality that we have never before sold for less than 69c a yard. Habutai grows stronger in favor as the weather gets warmer—light, graceful, serviceable. **Special at 49c**
Colored Shantung Silks—26 inches wide. Shantung is one of the most-wanted weaves, and this particular quality we now offer stands for unmistakable value; natural, black, French blue, Copenhagen, reseda, peach, old rose, electric, green, smoke and gray; made to sell regularly at \$1.25 a yard. **Special at 69c**
Black Skein-Dyed Shantung Silk—36 inches wide. If you have the fraction of a thought that you'll want Black Shantung be sure to examine these. The spinning is faultless. We don't think you ever saw a more brilliant, a more perfect black. Made to sell at \$1.50 a yard. **Special at 99c**

The New Dresden Tie
Made of patent leather and black calfskin; well-fitting last; round toes and shield tip—genuine hand-sewed laces. The same quality is sold elsewhere at \$6.00; our price **\$4.96** 2d fl. rear.
Lace Neckwear
1st fl. 34th St.
69c—reduced from \$1.00. Venice Lace Coat Collars, Baby Irish and soutache braid effects. 99c—reduced from \$1.25. Venice Lace Dutch Collars, 5 inches wide; new design. \$1.24—reduced from \$1.63. Venice Lace Dutch Collars, 6 inches wide; heavy design. \$1.39—reduced from \$1.89. Dutch Collars, made of flat Venice lace and rattail braid. \$1.99—reduced from \$2.49. Round Cape Collars, combination baby and heavy Irish design, 8 inches wide.

Wash Goods Specials
Main Floor Rear.
French Ramie Dress Linen—47 inches wide. Warranted Pure Linen—white and all the prettiest spring colors; advertised by others "worth 95c a yard." Our price **49c**
French Diagonal Linen—47 inches wide. Extra Heavy Quality—full range of colors—very stylish; sold elsewhere at 85c a yard. Our price **49c**
Silk-and-Cotton Shantung—36 inches wide. Very Heavy Quality—very silky—natural color only; sold elsewhere at 65c a yard. Our price **49c**
Austrian Madras Our direct importation of Madras from Austria represents a large variety of exquisite styles appropriate for men's shirts and women's waists. The spinning, the designs and the colorings are beautiful. Look at the qualities we are selling at 46c, 56c and 66c.

Here Are White Goods You Need
Priced as if You Don't Need Them
15c for Regular 25c. Qualities Main Fl. rear.
Self-striped and Self-dotted Leno Lawns—27 in. Checked Lawns and Batistes—several styles—27 in. We will also offer a large quantity of 32-in. Linen Thread finish Batiste—three sizes of raised corded checks—very slight manufacturer's imperfections **15c**
English Mercerized Figured Madras—27 inches wide, a large assortment of new and dainty patterns designed for waists and suits; value 30c. a yard; special at **24c**

\$1.75 English Long Cloth \$1.39 pc.
English Long Cloth—36 inches wide; soft, needle finish, 12 yards to the piece; value \$1.75; special at \$1.39.
\$4.00 Silk Petticoats at \$2.97
Second Fl., 34th St.
Made of heavy taffeta silk, black and staple colors, deep tucked and shirred sectional flounce, percaline dust ruffle. \$3.79 for \$5.50 Dresden Silk Petticoats, deep tucked Spanish flounce finished with accordion pleating and small ruffle—percaline underlay.
Remember the Oriental Rug Specials for Monday. Special \$39.74 2d fl. 1st way.



Tailored Suit—Copy of a Bernard model that sold for \$325.00. The copy is exactly like the original and the price is \$98.75 2d fl. 1st way.

Made of blausit-colored chiffon-weight broadcloth, 36-inch coat-vestee of natter blue cloth, set off with small bullet-shaped metal buttons; collar matches vest and is overlaid with lingerie frill and silver braid front finished with self-colored buttons, and buttonholes of exaggerated length, piped with natter blue cloth; tailored sleeves; deep cuff to match vest and collar; back and pocket flaps match front.



The New Dresden Tie. Made of patent leather and black calfskin; well-fitting last; round toes and shield tip—genuine hand-sewed laces. The same quality is sold elsewhere at \$6.00; our price \$4.96 2d fl. rear.

Lace Neckwear. 69c—reduced from \$1.00. Venice Lace Coat Collars, Baby Irish and soutache braid effects. 99c—reduced from \$1.25. Venice Lace Dutch Collars, 5 inches wide; new design. \$1.24—reduced from \$1.63. Venice Lace Dutch Collars, 6 inches wide; heavy design. \$1.39—reduced from \$1.89. Dutch Collars, made of flat Venice lace and rattail braid. \$1.99—reduced from \$2.49. Round Cape Collars, combination baby and heavy Irish design, 8 inches wide.



Afternoon Gown, made of fine meshed voile over two toned messaline silk; black brown, navy, Gobelins, mauve, full blouse, with full folds of self material running diagonally from shoulder to waist line; yoke and cuffs of gold net, edged with silk and broad band Persian embroidery; oversleeves of broad tucks; draped skirt, slightly gathered back and front at point below knee with combination rosettes. Special \$39.74 2d fl. 1st way.